

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,269	09/16/2003	Robb Louis Augustine	27735-8	1444
24256 7	7590 05/18/2004		EXAMINER	
DINSMORE & SHOHL, LLP			CHENEVERT, PAUL A	
1900 CHEMEI 255 EAST FIF			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CINCINNATI,			3612	
			DATE MAILED: 05/18/200	И

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)]				
	10/663,269	AUGUSTINE ET	AL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Paul A. Chenevert	3612					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 January 2004</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 							
Disposition of Claims							
 4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Application Papers							
9)☑ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 16 September 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	hre: a) \square accepted or b) \boxtimes objection of a section about a section of the drawing (s) is objection is required if the drawing (s) is objection is	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 C	CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Control of Province of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other:							

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference sign(s) not mentioned in the description: "24" & "25" in Fig. 3.

A proposed drawing correction, corrected drawings, or amendment to the specification to add the reference sign(s) in the description, are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

- 2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - a. Page 8, line 14, "19" should be changed to "23".
 - b. Page 14, line 5, "inserted through an aperture 73" should be inserted after "74". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various

Application/Control Number: 10/663,269

Art Unit: 3612

claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-18 & 21-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Munoz et al. in view of Lorenzo et al.

Munoz et al. disclose a pick-up truck bed system comprising overlapping plastic members, such as bed floor (12), sidewall member (16), head board (14), bed rail member (20), said members secured to support components (the metal truck bed floor, side walls, and head board) with fasteners, such as bolts (30, 44). In regards to claims 8 & 9, the bed rail member is secured to the bed rail, as is shown in Figure 15. In regards to claim 23, the sidewall upper surface (16c) is coplanar with the bed rail member (20).

However, Munoz et al. do not expressly disclose that the overlapping members have a cushioning member between them.

Lorenzo et al. disclose a pick-up truck bed system (10) comprising overlapping plastic members (32, 34, 40) with cushioning members (60, 62) between them. In regards to claims 10 & 11, an integral fastener (90) and adhesives (60) are also disclosed in order to attach the members together.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the bed system of Munoz et al., to employ cushioning members, as taught by Lorenzo et al.

Art Unit: 3612

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to keep dirt and debris from passing through the overlapping seam, as is desired in this vehicle invention.

Therefore, it would have been a desirable and thus a prima facie obvious modification of the bed system of Munoz et al. by combining cushioning members between the overlapping members to obtain the invention as specified in claims 1, 24, & 25, as taught by the prior references' motivation, and not hindsight from the applicants disclosure.

6. Claims 19 & 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Munoz et al., as modified, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of obvious common knowledge.

Munoz et al., as modified, disclose the claimed invention except for the material of the cushioning element. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ open-celled foam or rubber as a cushioning element material, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious mechanical expedient choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul A. Chenevert whose telephone number is 703-305-0837. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (8:30-5:00).

Art Unit: 3612

PAC 12MAY04

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn D. Dayoan can be reached on 703-308-3102. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Paul A. Chenevert Examiner

Art Unit 3612

5/13/0

D. GLENN DAYOAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600